



**Letters** Papers with industry ties

## Classic confounding conflicts

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The paper by Jaggi et al in *Cancer* examining conflicts of interest in published clinical cancer research and reported by Tanne may be an example of classic confounding.<sup>1 2</sup> The industry funded trials may differ from non-industry funded trials in a way—for example, the treatments used—that is associated with the outcome. The treatments they compare are actually more effective.

The authors themselves note this, though not very clearly. Industry funded trials may not distort results at all (which is not the impression left in the reader's mind after reading the *BMJ*), but they address different questions.

They may choose to investigate areas of cancer where success is likely to be greater. The questions they address and the designs of the studies may be different. This is bias, but of a very different nature to the idea that they distort results. The evidence is they tend to interpret similar results with a more positive spin, but the results themselves are not distorted.

Had Jaggi et al compared like with like in terms of the types of trials they may (or may not) have found similar results. The paper in *Cancer* has not answered the correct question.

## Notes

Cite this as: *BMJ* 2009;338:b2397

## Footnotes

- Competing interests: None declared.

## References

- Jaggi R, Sheets N, Jankovic A, Motomura AR, Amarnath S, Ubel PA. Frequency, nature, effects, and correlates of conflicts of interest in published clinical cancer research. *Cancer* 2009 May 11, doi:[10.1002/cncr.24315](https://doi.org/10.1002/cncr.24315)
- Tanne JH. Cancer research papers with industry ties more likely to report favourable results.

*BMJ* 2009;338:b2052. (20 May.)